

# **Channel Emissions Framework and Formulae: Digital Extended Version**

Phase	Step & s	sub-step	Physical processes involved	Formula type	Scaling factors	Expected materiality		Formulae	Accepted Alternative	Expected data hacks	Comments
CREATION	Tech Manipulation (Multivariant creative)	Creative storage	Additional server storage for multiple volumes of assets for the purpose of distribution.	Digital service overhead	Number and size of assets     Storage duration	Low	Number of assets	(size of asset (kB)*time stored (yr)  * carbon impact of storage¹ (kgCO2e/kB/yr)  * allocation factor for the campaign² (%))	-	Not currently using this formula because part of the storage is expected to be accounted for with the server transmission formula of Ad creative delivery phase (this should help with simplification of the process).	Additional storage impacts will be accounted for, however it is expected to be hard to isolate this type of data, therefore a generic formula was derived from the server formula; it is expected to be covered by a global server emission factor.  In the future, this could also account for unused assets and multiple storage.
		Creative transcoding	Server processing for multiple volumes of assets for the purpose of	Digital service overhead	-	-		-	-	-	No formulas covers this specific topic.  However, for now a tweak has been included
	Ad Space Selection	Creative Selection &	distribution.  Planning of creative to go on specific inventory within a marketplace	Corporate overhead	-	-		-	-	-	partially in the Ad Creative Delivery section.  Included within corporate emissions overhead.
DISTRIBUTION		Placement  Targeting	Digital services used for all targeting activities	Use phase & Embodied	-	-		-	-	-	Whatever targeting activities not reflected in the allocated corporate overhead emissions,
		Direct sale	Exchange of campaign booking between ad buyer and media seller / owner	Use phase & Embodied	-	Low	If a segment of sale: only one	Same formula as real-time bidding.  If a segment of inventory is set aside exclusively for direct sale: only one activated path to be taken into account  If not: accounted as programmatic (total number of activated path).		-	can be addressed in future updates.  Simplified version only accounting for programmatic direct.  Corporate emissions accounted for in the global corporate emissions overhead.
	Ad Space Selection	Real-time bidding	Servers processing transmission through automated buying process (SSP/DSP)	Use Phase	Number of impressions Number of paths / number of requests Calculation time  Number of impressions Number of paths / number of requests Data transferred by request type	Low to medium	* Avails ratio * (1  * T  * Compute ratio a by SSP/DSP incl.  * Total relev  * Carbon in  * (1 + overhead o	* Number of potential active paths per impression <sup>3</sup> + Requests ratio) * (1 + Responses ratio) <sup>4</sup> ime of calculation per bid (h) allocated to bid processing (compute used machine-learning) and reporting/analytics <sup>5</sup> (%) ant infrastructure power incl. PUE (W) tensity of electricity (kgCO2e/kWh) f other mutualized server resources ratio <sup>6</sup> )	In case of real data of	Activated paths per impression:     can be determined directly or estimated through global number of potential paths x average of activated paths (%).     Compute ratio allocated to bid processing (compute used by SSP/DSP incl. machine-learning) and analytics:     Dedicated vCPUs share of total infrastructure can be a good proxy as most of infrastructure are distributed and highly virtualized.  Infrastructure costs breakdown is also a good lead in case physical data is not available.     Time of calculation per bid: Market average likely to be used as this is a highly granular information.     Data transferred by request type: Can be estimated with bid request or response size + overhead payload of additional assets.	On-device advertising is also identified as having an impact on Ad Space Selection processing, but however not modelled for now.
				Embodied		Low to medium	* Avails ratio * (1 * T * Compute ratio a by SSP/DSP incl. * EF manufacturi	* Number of potential active paths per impression <sup>3</sup> + Requests ratio) * (1 + Responses ratio) <sup>4</sup> ime of calculation per bid (h) allocated to bid processing (compute used machine-learning) and reporting/analytics <sup>5</sup> (%) ng and EOL of total relevant infrastructure (kgCO2e) erage lifetime of equipment (s) f other mutualized server resources ratio <sup>6</sup> )	number of avails, bid requests and bid responses per impression, first part of formula could be overridden:  Number of potential active paths per impression * Avails ratio * (1 + Requests ratio) * (1 + Responses ratio)  Replaced by:		
			Networks transmission through automated buying process (SSP/DSP)	Use Phase		Low to medium	* Avails ratio * (1 * Data t * Server-to-serve	* Number of potential active paths per impression <sup>3</sup> + Requests ratio) * (1 + Responses ratio) <sup>4</sup> transferred by request type <sup>7</sup> (kB) er networks energy efficiency according to ork type and country <sup>8</sup> (kWh/kB) ttensity of electricity ( kgCO2e/kWh)	(Number of avails + Number of bid requests + Number of bid responses)		
				Embodied		Low to medium	Impressions  * Avails ratio * (1  * Data  * EF manufacturii	* Number of potential active paths per impression <sup>3</sup> + Requests ratio) * (1 + Responses ratio) <sup>4</sup> transferred by request type <sup>7</sup> (kB) ng & EOL amortization networks according k type and country10 (kgCO2e/kB)			
	Ad Creative Delivery	Creative transmission	Ad Servers / CDN edge node processing of ad delivery on display, social, or search	Use phase	Number of impressions     Output data transmitted (incl. file size)     Share of content delivered locally (CDN)	Medium to high		tal server output data per impression <sup>9</sup> (kB)  (Breakdown of content delivered by ad servers vs. edge nodes <sup>10</sup> (%)  * datacenter or edge nodes energy of efficiency including PUE (kWh/kB output)  * carbon intensity of electricity (kgC02e/kWh)) <sup>11</sup>	tata per impression <sup>9</sup> (kB)  content delivered by ad edge nodes "0 (%) edge nodes energy of ng PUE (kWh/kB output) ensity of electricity (O2e/kWh))"1  tata per impression <sup>9</sup> (kB)  content delivered by ad edge nodes "0 (%) uring and EOL) of total astructure (kgCO2e) output bandwidth (kB/s) etime infrastructure pment(s))")  read on network per 3)  eakdown between types etwork (%) cy according to network country (kWh/kB))  breakdown between vers/edges nodes "0 and users(%) ensity of electricity (O2e/kWh))  ferred on network (%) coze/kWh)  eakdown between types etwork (%) ensity of electricity (O2e/kWh))  ferred on network (%) ensity of electricity (O2e/kWh))  ferred on network (%) eakdown between types etwork (%) ensity of electricity (O2e/kWh))  ferred on network (%) ensity of electricity	For static format:	
				Embodied		Medium to high	* \sum_ Number of infrastructures	tal server output data per impression <sup>9</sup> (kB)  (Breakdown of content delivered by ad servers vs. edge nodes <sup>10</sup> (%)  * EF manufacturing and EOL) of total relevant infrastructure (kgCO2e) / infrastructure output bandwidth (kB/s) / average lifetime infrastructure equipment(s)) <sup>11</sup> )			Conventional network model for digital networks.
			Networks transmission of ad delivery from ad server / CDN edge node to user network as display, social, or search	Use phase		Medium to high	* \sum_ Number of network type  * \sum_ Number of infrastructures	* total data transferred on network per impression <sup>9</sup> (kB)  (consumption breakdown between types of network (%)  * energy efficiency according to network type <sup>12</sup> and country (kWh/kB))  (consumption breakdown between countries of servers/edges nodes <sup>10</sup> and & users(%)  * carbon intensity of electricity		additional assets  For video format: portion of file size loaded (incl. buffer) + payload overhead of additional assets  • Breakdown of content delivered by ad	
				Embodied		Medium to high	* \sum_ Number of network type	s * total data transferred on network per impression <sup>9</sup> (kB)  (consumption breakdown between types of network (%)  * EF manufacturing & EOL amortization networks according to network type <sup>12</sup> and country (kgCO2e/kB)") <sup>11</sup> )			
CONSUMPTION	Device Display	User device Ioad	Download / stream of creative to the user device. Includes embodied emissions of devices.	Use phase	Data transferred (incl. file size)     Device type	Low		Data transferred per impression <sup>13</sup> (kB) ed breakdown by country and by network type (kB/s)  (Device mix by type and country (%)  * Device power consumption to maintain active connection <sup>14</sup> (W)  * time conversion ratio (h/s)  * carbon intensity of electricity	Load and render power of devices are expected not to be available, therefore the alternative is to account for full device power and lifecycle and not separate those two phases.  Replace: Device render power consumption  By: Device total power consumption  Replace: EF manufacturing & and EOL amortization of devices, share of render  By: EF manufacturing & and EOL total amortization of devices  Use full device full total amortization of devices  Use full Total active uses	Not using this formula yet (see opposite).	Time to load (s) is determined by the first two parameters. Short time is expected therefore materiality is expected to be low.  However, it might become more material in time with on-device advertising is also identified as having a growing impact on loading, but not modelized yet, and it also needs to be confirmed.
				Embodied		Low	/ Broadband spe	(kgCO2e/kWh))  Data transferred per impression <sup>13</sup> (kB) ed breakdown by country and by network type (kB/s)  (Device mix by type and country (%) * EF manufacturing & and EOL amortization of devices, share of connectivity <sup>14</sup> (kgCO2e/unit)		Not using this formula yet (see opposite).	
		User device render	Render and display of creative on the user device. Includes embodied emissions of devices.	Use phase	Time displayed     Device type	High	Impressions *Til  * \( \sum_{\text{Devices}^{15}} \)	/ total active used time over lifetime by device type (s of active use over full lifetime)))  me displayed on device per impression(s)  (Device mix by type and country (%)  * Device render power consumption <sup>14</sup> (W)  * time conversion ratio (h/s)  * carbon intensity of electricity		Use full device power in the formula.	
				Embodied		High	* \( \sum_{\text{Devices}^{15}} \)	(kgCO2e/kWh))  me displayed on device per impression(s)  (Device mix by type and country (%)  * EF manufacturing & and EOL amortization of devices, share of render <sup>14</sup> (kgCO2e/unit)  / total active used time over lifetime by device type (s of active use over full lifetime))		Use full device EF in the formula.  Total active used time over lifetime by device type is the result of daily use x lifetime in years.	
ALL		oorate s overhead	Allocated organizational emissions attributed to the specific campaign across ALL entities in the campaign value chain.	Corporate overhead	Campaign revenue	High	Number of entities	Total relevant annual corporate emissions (kgCO2e)*allocation factor for the campaign	-	-	Every organisation in the value chain should be reporting their verified enterprise GHG emissions inventory annually to ensure reasonable data quality at the enterprise level. More guidance will follow on this in the next update of the GMSF.



## **Footnotes for Digital**

#### **Tech Manipulation:**

<sup>1</sup>Servers impact (that can be split by lifecycle phase) based on server type, efficiency and location (simplified formula).

<sup>2</sup>Storage of creative is likely to happen across multiple campaigns, therefore an allocation factor for the specific campaign being measured is needed and may be calculated as a percentage (%) either of revenue of the campaign / total revenue of the entity or campaign volume (e.g. impressions) / volume of all campaigns where the assets were used.

### Ad Space Selection (Real-time bidding):

<sup>3</sup>A potential path is a server-to-server-to-server link (e.g. exchange of request) between different nodes of the programmatic actors (publisher, SSPs, DSPs...). Not all potential paths are activated at each impression (note: ads.txt only accounts for some potential paths).

<sup>4</sup>Activated paths are a way to estimate number of real requests transmitted, after all optimisation processes, such as SPO and bid throttling, are implemented. These ultimately allow us to account for the impacts of servers and networks. To account for all these filtering and optimisation techniques and avoid overestimating requests, 3 ratios are used to represent the avails, requests, and responses. However, if actual data on requests number is available, previous assumptions can be overridden to work with the absolute number of avails, requests, and responses per impression.

<sup>5</sup>Portion of physical resources dedicated to bid processing, reporting, machine learning, analytics... is a share of total compute power. Dedicated CPUs or costs are a good lead.

<sup>6</sup>Modelising additional mutualised infrastructure resources for other services and development activities. Value of the overhead will have to be determined in the data working group.

<sup>7</sup>Taking into account different sizes for avails, bid requests and bid responses (including all transferred assets).

<sup>8</sup>A substantial share of the requests can be treated within private networks, and all requests are server-to-server links (e.g. fixed networks).

#### **Ad Creative Delivery:**

- <sup>9</sup> Ideally taking into account both:
- Real size of creative file transferred: file size depending on factors including user device / screen size, network quality, etc.
- Additional assets transmission: scripts...

<sup>10</sup> Popular contents with the local host's user base are temporarily cached on edge nodes, therefore delivered from a local data centre-like infrastructure (impact on carbon intensity of electricity). Country could usually be assumed to be the same as the user.

<sup>11</sup>Sigma to account for different environmental performances of ad servers and edge nodes, as well as location for use phase and computing power for embodied emissions (different server models / configuration end in different emissions).

<sup>12</sup>Accounting for different performances of networks (e.g. fixed vs mobile, global vs local), as well as country. Edge nodes / CDN also allow to win on the network part (local delivery).

#### **Consumption:**

<sup>13</sup>Ideally taking into account both:

- Real size of creative file transferred: file size depending on user device / screen size, buffer settings, network quality...
- Additional assets transmission: scripts...

<sup>14</sup>Additional studies are needed to fully model the difference of screen power (render) vs. active connection (load) so it is expected to be modelled globally.

<sup>15</sup>Devices list to be covered: any type of terminal that loads and / or displays digital ad creative content (laptops, tablets, smartphones, TVs...)